LOCAL NEWS.

Amnorments, &c., To-Night. MATIONAL THEATER. Second night of the colobrated Japanese Tronpe. WALL'S OPERA HOUSE. - LA Roc's Minetrele att in greentacke given away. ODD FELLOWS' HALL.-Grand ball of the

Coachmatere' Union. DR. BUTLER'S CHURCH, corner H and lith obreets.- Address by Professor Hart upon the "Office of Sabbath-School Teachers,"

Corporation Affairs. POARD OF ALDERWES, Peb. 17 .- The Chair hid before the Foard & communication from

the Mayer, announcing his approval of acts for relief of Chas. Klotz and G. W. Goodall, and joint resolution of respect to the memory of the ate Peter Force. Aleo, communication from the Mayor transmitting the account of the Corporation of Washington with the Bank of Washington to the 17th instant, as follows:

| 0 | |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| General Fund | \$124,469 95 |
| Water Fund | 2,997 21 |
| Seheol Fund | 71.925 41 |
| Colored School Fund | 9,302 23 |
| Fehcol-house Fund | 3,284 08 |
| Epecial Tax Fund | 176,981 44 |
| Metropolitan Police Fund | 31,941 19 |
| First Ward Fund | 51,723 97 |
| Recond Ward Fund | 48,885 75 |
| Fifth Ward Fund | 6,110 44 |
| Pinth Ward Fund | 51,602 12 |
| Seventh Ward Fund | 41,475 44 |
| Balance | 20,315 16 |
| | |

Bedemption Fund. \$1,992 83 Third Ward..... A. G. Hall, Collector 567,312 61 Balance in Bank to pay Corporation

Referred to Committee on Finance, and ordered to be printed. Mr. Grinder presented the petition of Eugene

Fagitt, praying remission of a fine; referred to Committee on Claims. Mr. Noyes presented the petition of W. S. Shepherd, asking permis-tion to erect an iron railing: referred to Com-mittee on Improvements. Mr. Barr introduced a resolution instructing the Drainage Committee to examine the defective drainage at the corher of 11th street west and H street north, and to report a bill to remedy the defect: passed.

The special order—being the bill authorizing the laying of concrete pavement for footwayswas passed.

Special order-being the bill to prohibit the sale of unsound oysters-was referred to the Committee on Police.

Mr. Richards called up the bill requiring the expense of construction of sewers and paving of carriageways to be paid out of the general or ward funds, and advocated its passage at length, saying that such improvements were a tenefit to all, and all property benefitted should bear a share of the expense. He referred to the sewer built on 14th street about two years ago, and its defective construction, saying it had been ruptured in two places, and had never been approved as a whole. All of the Second ment, and the ward should pay for it, and not the people only who own property on 14th street. He hoped the adverse report of the Finance Committee on the bill would be set aside, and that it would be passed.

Mr. Given, from the Finance Committee, defended the action of the Committee in case of the 14th street sewer, and said the law of Congress was explicit, plain, and imperative. He read from the charter of 1920 and the act of Congress approved February 20th, 1865, to show that this Corporation had no discretion, but that the cost of building sewers and paving carriage ways must be paid by the owners of the lets fronting on the streets in which the improvements are made, beautifying said property. The gentleman (Mr. Richards) must go to Congress to get a repeal of their laws before his bill can be passed here. He (Mr Given) thought, however, the property holders on 14th street ought to have some relief from payment from the sewer in question, but this Corporation ought not to be made a party in any litiga-

tion in reference to it Mr. Richards wanted to know if the Corporation was going to repudiate the debt due the contractors for that portion of the 14th street newer not yet approved. If so, why compel the property-owners to pay to the Corporation for work the city authorities will not pay for. But the work, although not done according to contract, will have to be paid for, as it was tapped by the city before it was finished. He contended that the law of Congress did not prevent the passage of the bill introduced by him, to make all property benefitted by improvements pay

Mr. Elvans asked if the 14th street sewer had not been tapped, and was not now being used by the very property-owners who were protesting against being assessed to pay the con-tractor for the work? He also wanted to know how the gentleman was going to determine what properly throughout the city was bene-fitted by the sewer, and how the expense is to be apportioned. The act of Congress provides

the only practicable mode of making the assessment. Mr. Moore stated his objections to the bill. and after further debate the committee was discharged from its further consideration-yeas

10. nay 1-Mr. Richards. Mr. Turton presented the petition of David Hunter, asking permission to erect an iron railing in front of his premises, on I street, in the First Ward, and introduced a bill granting the privilege asked for; referred to the Committee on Police. Also, introduced the following : " Resolved, &c., That a committee of seven. oue from each ward of the city, be appointed by the presidents of the boards for the purpose of preparing a plan of general sewerage for the proper drainage of the city, the said committee to report to the board by bill or otherwise."

Mr. Elvans moved to include the Water Registrar on the committee Mr. Turton said he would accept anything to get a general system of sewerage, which he had been trying to do for four years past. Mr. Moore thought that practical and expe rienced engineers should have charge of such

an important matter. He did not know that there was an engineer in either board. Mr. Turton represented the importance of the subject, and the necessity for immediate action; but, in view of the objections to his resolution, Mr. Lloyd, from Claims Committee, intro-

duced a bill for the relief of M. L. Merrill: passed. Also, reported favorably on bill making an appropriation to pay balance due G. G. Wilson; passed. Mr. Moore, from Improvements Committee, reported a bill granting permission to George W. Hopkins and John S. Hopkins to keep enclosed P street, between 20th and 21st streets, and to use clay out of O street north, between 30th and 21st streets west; also, to August Muller to keep enclosed Q street north, between 20th and 21st streets west, until January 1st, 1869, or until the streets named are improved or the owners of property bordering thereon wish to build or improve their lotsaid bill being a substitute for two several bills

referred to the committee. Mr. Elvans made a minority report from said committee, citing the law against obstructions of the streets and avenues of the city as a reason why the bill reported by the committee should not be passed. He (Mr. E.) exhibited a plat of the streets and squares in that vicinity to show the nature of the alleged obstructions; resented a protest of certain owners of lots abutting on the streets in question, against a continuance of the enclosures of said streets and of Massachusetts avenue.

Mr. Moore said that the streets in question

were impassable.

Mr. Tait said that the brick yard of the Mesers. Hopkins had made them impassable. Atter further debate the report of the committee was not agreed to, yeas-Messrs. Moore, Richards, Talbert and Turton, 4; nays-Messrs. Elvans, Given, Grinder, Lloyd, McCathran, Tait and President Earr, 7; and the two original bills were severally rejected. Several bills from the lower Board were re-

Mr. Talbert from the Committe on Canals reported a bill making an appropriation of \$800 for repairs of the bridges over the Wash. ington canal west of Virginia avenue; passed. Mr. Turton introduced a resolution instructing the City Surveyor to inquire whether any streets or avenues in the Fifth Ward are en-

closed or obstructed; adopted. Adjourned. COMMON COUNCIL.-In the absence of the President (Mr. Dulin) at the early part of the meeting, Mr. Slowen was called to the chair, and all the members present except Messrs.

Beall, Connolly, Dalton, and L. B. S. Miller.

Mr. N. B. Clark offered resolutions requesting estimates from the Surveyor for grading 4th street east, from C to H street north, and 17th street, from M to Boundary street; adopted.

Mr. Rutherford introduced a bill for a foot pavement on the south side of M street north, from ist to 6th street east; referred. Mr. O. S. Baker presented the following. Whereas a brutal outrages was recently committed by the employees employed by the present disloyal and unreconstructed managers of the Washington and Alexandria Railroad Company on the person of an accomplished and most excellent lady of our city, by beating

tearing, and dragging her out of the cars of that road while on her way from Alexandria to Washington; therefore

Resolved by the Board of Common Council, That the brutal act herein complained of, as well as the managers of the road, for not condemning the same, as the cowardly employees who com-mitted the act, deserves the explicit condemna-tion of all respectable citizens in our midst.

Resolved further, That we, as members of e is branch of our municipal government, will withhold any assistance toward building a rail-road in the State until sufficient guaranty can be given that all oftimens, without regard to class or condition, shall have the right to travel thereon without molectation or fear of inter-

He said that doubtless members had heard o this most brutal outrage committed by the employees in question. He was well acquainted with that lady, and had recently visited her, when he found her in a most emaciated condi tion, her head brused, eyes black and swollen, arms and wrists mangled by the treatment she had received from the hands of two brutal men who dragged her from the cars and beat her for eleven minutes. The common feelings of hu manity should induce the Council to condemn this act. Mr. Slowen asked if this subject was not now

Mr. Baker replied that it was, and also before the court. Mr. Arrison said he would yield to no one in condemnation and detestation of such outrages, but he could not see what effect the resolution would have on the parties; it would be but a trutem fumen, and the parties would simply laugh at the resolution. All political parties condemned personal violence, and as this ac happened outside of the city, it would be just as proper for the Board to express its opinion on riots committed at any other place.

Mr. Ball remarked that all offences against law, and cases of violence, were condemned by the community, but over this matter the Board

before Congress.

capitol.

had no control, and the passage of the resolu-He hoped that it would be laid on the table. Mr. Crocker said that he had seen a letter of the secretary of the road, from which it appears that the officers and proprietors of the road are not responsible for the outrage, for it was now in the hands of receivers appointed by the courts, one appointed by a Judge Thomas, who is somewhat notorious. In his opinion the Board should put its seal of condemnation or the act. He thought the civil rights bill had se cured personal rights throughout the land, but this outrage was committed in eight of the

Mr. O. S. Baker said that as the Board was not full, and for the purpose of having a full expression of opinion, he would not press it to a vote, and would consent to its postponement. The resolution was therefore postponed, and the Board adjourned.

FUNERAL OF MRS. EUSTIS .- The funeral o Mrs. Louise Morris Eustis, only child of W W. Corcoran, Eeq., took place yesterday after-noon from the residence of her father opposite Lafayette Square. It will be remembered that Mrs. Eustis died in Europe in December last of consumption, after a residence there of sev eral years. The spacious residence of Mr. Cor-coran was crowded by the relatives and friends of the deceased, gathered to pay the last sad tribute to her memory. The orphan children from the different asylums here, to whom Mrs. E. had always been a true friend, were assembled, and their mourning for one whom they s dearly loved made the scene one of sadness. The remains, enclosed in a metallic coffin, were placed on a pedestal in the centre of the north parlor. The coffin was encased in wood, covered with black silk velvet, and studded with silver ornaments. On the lid, surrounding the massive silver plate inscribed "Louise Morris Eustis, born March 20th, 1838. Died

December 4th, 1867," was a chaste wreath of hyacinths. Above this was an exquisite little cross of mignonette flowers, from which radiated garlands and chaplets, forming a beautiful combination of floral adornments. The funeral services were impressively conducted by Rev. Dr. Pinckney, rector of the Episcopal Church of the Ascension; after which, he de livered a short address, alluding to the life and character of the deceased in the most feeling The coffin was then removed to the hearse by

pail-bearers, Messrs. J. B. H. Smith. Col. James G. Berret, James M. Carlisle, Geo. W. Riggs, Dr. John B. Blake, General Park, Dr. Thomas Miller, Colonel R. D. Cutts, William A. Gordon, Major Lee and Mr. Harrison. The remains were taken to Oak Hill Cemetery and placed in the mausoleum. The funeral cortege was one of the largest ever seen in Washing. ton, and was attended by members of the Diplomatic Corps, Senators, Representatives, executive and corporate authorities, and many of our first citizens, who deeply sympathized with the father in his hour of affliction.

FIRES.-Yesterday, about 6 p. m., officer Fuss of the seventh precinct, discovered a fire on the premises, Louisiana avenue, opposite 5th street, occupied by Mr. J. G. Naylor as a carpenter shop and Mr. T. A. Brown as a paint shop, and rau to police headquarters, from which the alarm was rung. The Fire Department was quickly on the spot, and succeeded in confining the flames to the premises, and also in saving some of the material in the building. There There was quite a large lot of work on the back part of the lot, which was totally destroyed, as also some work in the shop, and this, with the damage to the building, which was owned by Mr. Naylor, will occasion a loss of from \$5,000 to \$7,000 to him, on which there is no insurance Mr. Brown loses over \$1,000, The office ad joining, occupied by Mr. Asbury Lloyd and Gen. Lasselle, was in much danger for a time and the books and papers, among them val-uable court papers, were removed and disarranged, but it is believed that none were lost. The police were promptly on band, and rendered valuable assistance.

About five o'clock last evening fire was discovered in the second story of a frame house situated on the south side of C, between 3d and 4th streets east, occupied by a Mr. Francis, and owned by A. McKenna. The fire was caused by the burning of a pile of wood which was placed behind the stove to dry. The flames were extinguished before they had gained much

headway. At 8:45 this morning an alarm was sounded from the seventh precinct (Fourth Ward) station, by Officer Wallace Grant, for a fire in Dyer's Hotel, (Indiana avenue and 2d street,) which originated in the servants' room, in the third story. The firemen were quickly at work and extinguished the flames. The turniture in some of the other rooms were damaged by the water. The whole loss will not be more than

NEW CO-OPERATIVE MOVEMENT .- Several persons met last evening at Temperance Hall to organize the "Union Co-Operative Land, Homestead, and Deposit Association." Mr. A K. Browne was called to the chair, and Mr. Needham elected Secretary pro tem. The latter stated that the object of the meeting was to form an association to enable members, by making small deposits of money, to become owners of farms and homesteads-the money the members pay in to be employed in the purchase of tracts of land to be divided into small portions and sold to members, who will have a long time in which to pay for the same, and to make such improvements on the land as may be necessary, the money to be sold to them as loans for such purposes. Mr. Needham read the constitution of the Lincoln Co-Operative Association, which he had amended as he thought would meet the necessity of this pro-

posed association. On motion, the meeting received the constitution as reported, subject to amendment and revision. It proposes to make the initiation fee \$1; the monthly payment on each share \$1.25. allows the holder of one share to pay out \$5. and limits the number of shares at 4,000. No member is allowed to subscribe for more than ten shares. The constitution was referred to a committee of five, consisting of Messrs. Conrad, Needham, Crossman, Deitrich, and Foisom, to report at the next meeting. Adjourned.

THE WESTERN STATES ANTI-RADICAL CLUB This club held a meeting at Marble Hall, on 7th street, last evening; Col. J. M. Froiseth

Gen. Hugh Cameron, from the Executive Committee, reported that the committee had made arrangements for the publication of a campaign paper under the title of The Acti-Radical Standard. A plan of organization for the Western States was also presented, which includes the organization of the young men in every county into clubs, who are to organize township and ward auxiliaryfelubs, &c., and institute measures for the circulation of campaign documents; make out list of voters; canvass for subscriptions to Democratic and anti-Radical newspapers, and where per sons are unable to subscribe they shall be furn ished with Democratic newspapers; the presi-dents of the county clubs to make monthly re-ports to the head-centre of the Western States Anti-Radical Club, at Washington, D. C. The

report was adopted. Gen. Hugh Cameron, Mr. Cox, and Mr Geo. W. Magill were appointed a Committee on Printing. Adjourned.

THE RIVER. - The cold spap of last night has hardened the ice in the Potomac, and rendered all prospect for the opening of navigation at present beyond the range of calculation. Banks of ice loom up along the channel's borders, the partial opening of which was announced in yesterday. Generally, the surface of the Potomac is exceedingly rugged, and, as a conse-quence, all skating on it has been suspended.

THE MASTER PLASTERERS' ASSOCIATION .-A meeting of this Association was held last evening, at No. 421 E street, Mr. John Stewart in the chair. A constitution and by-laws were adopted. The object of this association is the prevention of strikes, and to prevent members from taking apprentices from others before the expiration of the time for which they were ap-

prenticed. THE BALTINGRE AND POTONAC RAILROAD. There are at present employed in grading and receiving the cross ties for this railroad, at Watts', on the Annapolis and Elkridge Rail-road, a number of workmen, and from that point the work is being pushed on towards Covington. Wants' is about seven miles east of Annapolis Junction. The material for the road comes to that point by way of Annapolis

PARALYSED .- On Sunday morning Mr. Jos Little, residing on the corner of 6th and H streets, was suddenly struck with paralysis of the entire left side, from his head down, and for a time his life was despaired of, but his condi-tion is now some what more favorable.

Anniversary of the Surrender of Fort Doncleon—Celebration by the Grant Chub and Soldiers' and Sailors' Union.

Yesterday being the anniversary of the eurrender of Fort Donelson, the event was celebrated last evening by a large and enthusiastic meeting, held under the auspices of the Grant Club of the District and the Soldiers' and Satiors' Union of this city, at the Union League Rooms, 5th street. There was a very large attendance of ladies and gentlemen, the hall being crowded before 8 o'clock, the hour appointed for the meeting. Major W. S. Morse, of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Union, took the chair, and after communications were read from the Soldiers' and Builors' Unions of Port. mouth, Va., and Smithville, N. C., and referred to appropriate committees, he resigned the posi tion to General John S. Crocker, President o the Grant Club, who stated that they were now celebrating the first substantial victory of the

Senator Yates, of Ill., was the first speake introduced, and he proceeded to speak of the coming Presidential contest, and of his pleasur in being one of the first to lift his voice in favo of the capturer of Donelson and demolisher of Andrew Johnson. He felt assured that on who had gallantly upheld the flag of his coun try could not turn traitor to the boys in blue. He argued at some length that the success of the Democratic party would open every issue which had been settled by arms. The speaker said it made him proud to remember that he had signed his name to the commission of Ulysses S. Grant as colonel of an lilinois regiment General Grant is a man who can be trusted; plain, quiet, and firm man, of rugged virtue and plain simplicity, and holds out to the world the great fact, like Washington and Lincoin, that exalted goodness and exalted greatness are one and inseparable. The world will hold this quiet, plain Republican greater than Alexander, Cæsar, or Napoleon. Governor Yates then spoke in favor of Senator Wilson's claim for the Vice-Presidency, and was interrapted by loud applause, and closed by saying that with Grant and Wilson the Republican column would be pushed forward to victory and the country redeemed and regenerated. Senator Wilson, of Mass., was next intro duced, and after speaking of the first Grant victory, which they were celebrating, and the crowning victory—the surrender of Lee-said that the great captain of modern times is to marshal patriots to victory in the coming cam-paign. He believed that the Republican party would nominate Grant, and elect him by thirty out of the thirty-seven States, and give 100 majority in the House of Representatives to sus-tain his administration. After speaking of the workings of the Democratic leaders in bringing about the rebellion, which the Union people had ended, he said the Republican party could not be made to betray the country or suffering humanity. The Union is to be restored on the basis of the equal rights of all citizens, and if it takes all summer and the coming autumn, the fight will be on that line. Congress will stay in session perhaps until that time, and, in fact, Congress had a kind of liking for Washington city as long as Andy Johnson staid at the White House. [Laughter.] Tennessee and Missouri were already in their places, and Alabama would in a few days be admitted, not with stand-

ing the hue and cry of enemies. He had re ceived letters from that State, showing that gross injustice had been done, and it was of such a nature that it would justify Congress in bringing in Alabama at once. Arkansas would in a few days cast her lot on the side of loyalty, and the other States would soon follow. When this work is completed, and when General Grant is President of the United States, with a Cabinet formed of men like Edwin M. Stanton, and men holding office who fought for the country, with all these surroundings the rebel element will sink to the depths from which it sprang. What is needed is a free Republic, united, and with all its citizens possessing equal rights, equal privileges and equal protection. He spoke of the services of E. M. Stanton, Joseph Holt and Gen. Dix in the early part of the rebellion. The party did not appeal to hate or prejudice, but to all that was holy and lovely—for liberty throughout God's heritage for all the children of men They appeal to-day to those that are in favor of the rights of American citizens abroad to see that American citizens at home have equal rights. They are for liberty at home and abroad: they do not arise in Congress and sneer at a downtrodden race, and howl about the Constitution, and with the same breath talk about the rights of American citizens abroad. The Republican party will vote for the rights of the black man in Alabama, Louisiana and elsewhere, and for the rights of the Irishman in Ireland. This

upon, with that great leader, General Grant. Those who cannot come up to that standard had better "Johnsonize" and follow "on Moses." Andrew Johnson was a sort of Bull Run, for there was not a man in the country but that felt proud of that battle-field. In conclusion, he said the Government of this country will never be given up, until the great and grand work of the Republican party is accom-plished. Faith in God will bring us victory and enable us to carry forward the great and glorious work in which we are engaged Let each and every man in the country but do his duty to God and the country, and all will be well. He was heartily applanded at the conclusion of the address, as also during its de-

is the line that the party intend to fight it out

Major Morse followed, at some length, re viewing the course of the Democratic party. Major H. A. Hall, from the Committee or Resolutions, offered the following; which were adopted: Regalved, That we are in favor of the princi

ples fought for and won by the valorous courage of our army and navy, and we believe these principles will be more carefully fostered by the political party that sustained the war than by the political party that opposed it. Resolved, That it is magnanimous in a nation to forgive a fallen foe, especially if the foe remains fallen; but that no Executive or other

officer of the Government can be held guiltleswho surrenders the fruits of a victory, won by the blood and treasure of the whole people, to the rebellious traitors who sought the life of the Resolved. That we believe the success of the

Republican party in the coming Presidential campaign is essential to the peace and perpetuity of our National Government. Resolved, That in compliance with our own wishes, no less than out of respect to the opinion of the masses of the loyal people in all sections of the country, we announce our preference for the nomination as our standard bearer in the campaign, the successful soldier, pure patriot and accomplished statesman, General

With cheers for General Grant and Senators Wilson and Yates the meeting adjourned.

ATTEMPTED BURGLARY .- About 10 o'clock last night an attempt was made to break into the storeroom of Mr. Charles Simpson, residing on 6th street, near K. The family had retired to bed, but had not gone to sleep before their attention was directed to a noise below, whereupon Mr. Simpson sprang from his bed, and raising the window, cried out to know who was below. Simultaneously a man was seen to run from beneath the front porch, leap the palings into a side lot, and run off. Subsequently, it was discovered that the marauder visited the premises for purposes of plunder, and had endeavored to get into the store room by cutting the slats from the shutter to the window leading there. to. One of the slats was chiselled out, and commencement made upon another when the burglar was frightened off.

THE INTERNAL REVENUE .- Mr. Peter M Pearson, Assessor of Internal Revenue, with his corps of assistants, are preparing for the reception of the returns of income for the past year, and the blank forms are now being distributed by the assistants. The tax is due on the 16th of March, by which time it is hoped to have all the returns in, but the work being one of considerable magnitude, it is probable that some will not be in until after that date. Heretofore the returns have been made, and the tax collected as promptly as in any other districts,

and it will doubtless be the case this year BANKRUPTCY COURT .- The business of this court is steadily increasing, and some very heavy cases have recently been added to the Register's docket. One was filed a few days ago in which the petitioner's liabilities are set down at over half a million, his assets are about \$100,000. Considerable interest is manifested among applicants to get their cases in by the 2d of March, for fear the 50 per cent, clause of

the act may go into operation at that time. AT WALL'S OPERA HOUSE La Rue's Carnival Minstrels opened last evening to a crowded house. The audience seemed delighted with their performance, and they have undoubtedly made a good impression. The first prize, \$50 i greenbacks, was drawn last evening by Mr. W. Blasland, 129 5th street. Secure your seat

early. AFFAIRS IN ALEXANDRIA .- The Gasette yesterday has the following: On Saturday morning last, eight young met from this place and Washington, employees in the quartermaster's department at Fort Washington, desiring to return home, undertook to erose the river opposite the fort, but when near the Virginia shore the ice broke under them, and all were plunged into the water, and with great difficulty succeeded in saving themselves, all being more or less cut and bruised on the bands and bodies by the ice. On reaching the shore the party were kindly cared for by Mrs. Hunter, to whom they are very much indebted During the afternoon they reached their homes.
At a meeting of the Alexandria Building Association, on Saturday night last, the charter obtained from the Circuit Court of this county was read and accepted, and 133 additional shares of the capital stock subscribed for, making the

of the capital stock subscribed for, making the total number of shares thus far taken 233, and, according to the provisions of the constitution, leaving only 167 shares more to be disposed of within the next six months.

The ice in the river has broken up and is rapidly moving off, and should there not be another "cold snap," within a day or two navigation can be resumed. There are a number of vessels below awaiting an opportunity to come up.

The Late Phillip R. Fendal Meeting of the Bench and Bar. This afternoon, at three e'eleck, a large meet-

ing of the members of the Bench and Bar was held in the Circuit Court room, city Hall, to take suitable action in reference to the death of the late Phillip R. Fendall.

The meeting was called to order by Colone I Phillip, on whose motion Mr. Marbury, sr., took the chair, and Mr. W. F. Mattingly was appointed secretary. Mr. Merrick moved that a committee of seven be appointed to draft suitable resolutions; which was adopted, and the following were appointed:—John C. Kennedy, Andrew Wyli., W. D. Davidge, R. T. Merrick, John E. Norris.

ohn D. McPherson, and John F. Ennis. The following resolutions were subsequently reported and adopted after eulogies had been rmed by a number of members of the bar: Death has removed from his sphere of useful-ness Philip Richard Fendall, distinguished for bis eminent abilities as a jurist and his erudition as a scholar, and endeared to the whole community by his pure and spotless character. The sympathy of all attends the funeral of one whose life illustrated every virtue. But the legal profession, of which he was the head and ornament, is peculiarly interested and affected by this solemn event.

While we bow with humble resignation to the inevitable doom of humanity, we adore the goodness of Providence that spared him so long as a shining light and an example for emula-

When such a man dies it is eminently proper that before the grave closes over his remains. his brethren of the Bench and Bar should, by some endorsing memorial, testify their senti ments.

Therefore, entertaining the highest venera tion for his memory, profound admiration for his talents and learning, and cherishing the liveliest sense of his many virtues, his guileless character, and uniformly amiable and unostentations deportment, we do resolve ist. That the members of this bar deeply deplore the loss which they have sustaine in the death of Phillip R. Fendall, and profoundly impressed by his great and good qualities; his large and extensive acquirements: his eminent legal accomplishments, and his distinguished, gentle and blameless life they will cherish his memory with pride and love as

long as they live. 2d. That as a manifestation of our deep sens of the great loss which has been sustained in his death by the members of the bar, by the beuch, the bar and the community, we will wear the customary badge of mourning for thirty days. 3d. That the Chairman communicate to the family of the deceased a copy of these proceedings, and assure them of the sincere condo-

ence of the judges and members of the bar of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia 4th. That the Chairman present a copy of hese proceedings to the Supreme Court of this District at its next session, and in behalf of this meeting request that the same be entered on the minutes. THE REGULAR MEETING of Post No. 2, of the

Grand Army of the Republic, held last evening, was of an interesting description. Ten recruits were added to the ranks, among whom were General Farnsworth, of Illinois, and "Kit Carson," the celebrated Indian scout and late Brigadier General of Volunteers.

THE FUNERAL SERVICES of an interesting and much-beloved daughter of Mr. Rollins, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, took place from the house of Mr. Rollins to-day, Rev. Dr. Samson officiating. The remains will be taken to Massachusetts.

CITY ITEMS.

BLACK SILK VESTS and fine Black Cloth and Vests, for ge nen, at George C. Hen

ning's New Store, No. 511 7th street. JEWELRY .- Silver Plated Ware and Fancy Goods, received this morning, at Prigg's One Dollar Jewelry Store, No. 438 Pennsylvania avenue, near 4 % street.

FROM PROP. BLOT, the successful lecturer on the art of cookery : NEW YORK, Feb. 17, 1867 .- A good dish is often spoiled or rendered unpalatable by the use of a detestably cheap, impure and deleterious flavoring extract. Great care should be used in selecting the genuine, both in regard to taste and health. In answer to inquiries from ladies of my various classes I invariably reply that I have tried several kinds of flavoring extracts during the last two years of my lecture on cookery, and certainly prefer those prepared by Joseph Burnett & Co., of Boston, over all

others. P. BLOT. THE ORIGINAL FRANC.

BAR's, corner 7th and E streets, are still sell ing off their entire stock of men's, youth's, and boys' Clothing at cost price, to make room for their very large stock of Spring and Summer Goods. Special attention is called to their very large stock of white Dress Shirts, Underwear Hosiery, Ties, Scarfs, &c. BAR & Co., Corner 7th and E sts.

MR. JUDD'S GREAT BOOK AUCTION WILL TO open in Washington, at 370 Penna. ave., under the Metropolitan Hotel, this (Thursday) evening, and be continued a few evenings. There is a large and select assortment of the most valuable Books, which must be sold. 23,15

THE GREAT CLOSING-OUT BOOK SALE, 81 private sale, closing each evening at 6 o'clock. at 370 Pennsylvania avenue, under the Metropolitan Hotel, will be continued a few days at astonishingly low prices. So rich and varied a stock was never before offered in Washington. 1,9,1: WM. L. WALL & Co., Auctioneers.

WEAPPING PAPER for sale. Apply at the STAR Office.

Pour cors, Durillions et Ongles rentres dans la chair, consulter le Docteur White, etabli depuis 1861-a son office No. 424 Pennsylvania avenue, entre la quatrieme at la Six-

WHAT MAKES YOUR HAIR SO BEAUTIFUL! Mrs. S. A. Allen's improved (new style) Hair Restorer or Dressing in one bottle. Price One Dollar. Every Druggist sells it. DR. WHITE, Chiropodist, No. 424 Pa. avenue,

between 4% and 6th streets. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. No charge for consultation. PERSONS wishing to subscribe for THE STAR who reside on Capitol Hill and the Navy Yard,

will please leave their orders at No. 122 East Capitol street, between 4th and 5th. JOHN COGGINS, Agent. MARRIED. BEACH-ELD. At West Georgetown M. E. Par-

sonage, January 23d. by B. v. George M. Berry, Mr. WILLIAM F. BEACH to Miss JULIA A. ELD, both of Washington county, D. C.

DIED. KOHLER. On Monday, the 17th instant, at a quarter before 5 o'clock, EMMA KOHLER. aged 21 years, wife of Prederick Kohler. All friends and relatives are invited to attend her funeral from his late residence, No 340 D street, between 9th and 10th, on Wednesday afternoon, at

two o'clock. SMITH. On the 17th inst., ELIZA ISABELLA, yonngest daughter of Charles T. and Mary F. Smith, aged 15 months and 17 days.

Funeral will take place at 2 o'clock on Wednesday. 19th, from the residence of her parents, northwest corper of 13th and N ste.

THE GRAND DUCHESS OF GEBOLDSTEIN. Ladies who would like to display their Train dresses will please call and see the Extra Train, to be strached to any heep skirt, now manufactured at BAUM'S Hoop Skirt and Corset Factory, where also can be found the largest assortment of al styles Hoop Skirts, Corsets, and Shoulder Braces

A perfect fit is always warranted. CHAS. BAUM. 49 Louisians ave., pear 7th st.

JUST BECRIVED-HAVANA ORANGES LARGE AND SWEET. J. PEARSON'S Foreign Fruit Depot . fe 11 -41

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.
WASHINGTON, February 6, 1868.
On the petition of ALBERT FINK, of Louis On the petition of ALBERT FINK, of Louisville, Kentucky, praying for the extension of a patent granted to him the 2th day of May, 1854, for an improvement in Bridges, for seven years from the expiration of said patent, which takes place on the 2th day of May, 1858.

It is ordered that the said petition be heard at the Patent Office on Monday, the 2th day of April next, at 12 o'clock M; and all persons are notified to eppear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition ought not to be granted.

Persons opposing the extension are required to file in the Patent Office their objections, specially set is the in writing, at least twenty days before the day of hearing; all testimony filed by either party, to be used at the said hearing, must be taken and transmitted in accordance with the rules of the office, which will be furnished on application.

Depositions and other papers, relied upon as testimony, must be filed in the office twenty days defore the day of hearing; the arguments, it any, within an days after filing the testimeny.

Ordered also, that this notice be published in the Republican and the Intelligencer. Washington, D. C., and in the Journat, Louisville, Kentucky, once a week for three successive weeks; the first first of said publications to be at least sixty days previous to the day of hearing.

A. M. STOUT.

fe 12-waw Acting Commissioner of Patents. THE NATIONAL SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY. of Washington. D. C., chartered by
special act of Congress for the safe keeping, under
guarantee, of Government Bends. Silver Plate,
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Office Hours—Sa. m. to 5 p. D.

Office Hours-94. m. to 5 p. m.

THE COURTS.

as Secretary.

CRIMINAL COURT, Judge Fisher.—Yesterday, James Williams, alias Randolph alias Blue Skin, grand larseny of money from the office of Harvey, Clark & Given, wood yard, the 25th of June last; not guilty. Geo. Gibbs, alias George Hinsen, alias Chas. Harris, larceny of 41 yards of calico from Edward Harringines on June 2, 1868; guilty. Joseph Stewart, assault and battery; guilty. Geo. Washington, pettit larceny; guilty. Jas. K. Polk, petit larceny; guilty David Rignsy and Frank Herbert, indicted for larceny from John Lynn; guilty as to the former, nol pros as

feited and bench warrant issued.

To-day.—The case of Mary A. Nickolls, for assault and battery with intent to kill, came up; Mr. Adams for the defence; guilty of an assault only, and recommended to the mercy On motion of Mr. Herbert, James Schaffer of the Supreme Court of Illinos, was admitted to practice as an attorney of the Supreme Court

o the latter. Henry Thomas, recognizance for-

of the District. George Smith alias Henry Thomas, charged

ith grand larceny of clothing on the night of January 22d, 1868, the property of Emanuel Mich'l Hurley, Stephen Talty and — Dono-hue, indicted on the charge of vending lottery

ticket, not answering, a bench warrant was or Sarah Myers, grand larceny from Julius A Fay, on the third of February last, to the amount of \$65, jewelry and bed clothes, &c.; on trial. CIRCUIT COURT, Justice Wylie.- In the case

I Taylor vs. Williams, which went over ve erday, Mr. Merrick, for plaintiff, excepted to udge's medification of prayers and his rulings generally. Mr. Bradley, on the part of the defendant, also reserved an exception to the third prayer of plaintiff, admitted by the court. Mr. Merrick opened the case to the jury, con-tending that Williams was the proper party to sue, and not Hughes, Denver & Peck, who were only in the same category with Taylor counsel in the case. Mr. Riddle and Mr. Bradley followed for defendant. The Court modified his instructions granted for the plaintiff, with these modifications The first instruction asked for by the plaintiff s granted with the following qualifications That, so far as any contract between the partie related to services to be rendered by the plain iff in obtaining an order or the influence of the President to have the decision of the Secretary of the Treasury reversed or reopened, through the means of an opinion of the Attorney Gene ral to be prepared and brought to bear upor the Secretary, such contract was contrary to public policy, and void. But that this objection does not apply to any contract between th parties for services to be rendered by the plaintiff in preparing papers or getting up proof and arguments to be laid before the Attorney General, provided such contract was a new contract, made subsequently to the first, and after the reference to the Attorney General had been made by the President in this case If however, there was but one agreement, embracing the services of the plaintiff, first, in procuring an order from the President to the Attorney General, requiring an opinion from the latter, by means of which the decision of the Secretary of the Treasury might be reopened or set aside against the judgment of said Secretary, and without any like request from the Secretary to the Attorney General: and, sec ond, for services in carrying out this object after the reference to the Attorney General had been made by the President, then the contract being entire, is wholly void, the sound portion being tainted by the corruption of the unsound To which instructions, as modified by the Court, plaintiff's counsel excepts, and prays the Court to sign and seal this first bill of excep-

tions, which was done accordingly. EQUITY COURT, Justice Olin .- Yesterday, after our report closed-Brooks vs. Hicks; order for defendant to complainant \$239.94, and Interest from August 7th, 1866. Cumming et al. vs. Cumming et al. order appointing Chas. H. Hall guardian ad litem for infants. Swain vs. Swain et al.; order of reference to the auditor to report on the propriety of sale. Galt vs. Hall et al.; decree appointing C. H. Ingle trustee to sell. Paul vs. Smith; argued and submitted to the court. All-

man vs. Huntley: motion for leave to file

amended bill for hearing on the 18th. ORPHANS' COURT. Judge Purcell.-The will of Elizabeth A. Cross heretofore filed for probate, was exibited and partially proven. In re, estate of Jacob Lowenthal deceased:or motion of A. G. Riddle for widow, Thes. H. Ford and S. S. Hinckle were cited to appear and give testimony. Hinckle returned non est. The inventory of the personal estate of Mary Ann Fearson deceased, was returned by Mary Julia Barrett, collector.

Third account of Susannah Carrico, admin istratrix of James Carrico deceased. Fourth and final accounts of Wm. H. and O. H. Morrison, executors of Wm. H. Morrison, deceased relating to Louisa Culver, deceased, were approved and passed. The last will and testament of Samuel M

McKean, deceased, was filed for approval. BANKRUPTCY COURT, J. Sayles Brown, Regis ter .- 23. Order of reference filed, examination of the bankrupt on interrogataries by petitioners attorney. 48. Warrant issued for first meeting of creditors returnable March 27th. 32. Order of reference filed. 15. Report of assignees of sale of real estate. Application for confirmation of sale, order of court confirming sale.

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WASHINGTON. D. C.

Our friends and the public are hereby respect-fully informed that we have leased and just opened

FIRST-CLASS ROOMS,

On the second floor of Bool's new four-story brick building, No. 416 Seventh street, between G and H streets, where we shall live our exclusive attention to the SALE AND EXCHANGE OF REAL ESTATE Possessing a combined experience of several years standing in the Beal Estate business in this city, we confidently offer our services to all who may favor us with their confidence, either by plac-

ing their property in our hands for disposal, or by making us their agents in the selection and purchase of Real Estate. Everything legitimately connected with the Real Kstate business may be regarded as in our line, as Buying, Selling, Exchanging, or Benting Proper-ty, Collecting Bents, Negotiating Loans, Convey-

It shall be our aim to be prompt, systematic, and reliable, and with these assurances we cordially and respectfully invite Purchasers, Sellers, or Benters of Real Estate to visit our Bosins, where all needful information will be cheerfully and

courteously imparted. ROHRER & WHITNEY. REAL ESTATE BROKERS. No. 416 SEVENTH STREET,

Washington, D. C. fe 11-9t JEWELRY.

O. MOOD. No. 338 Penna. ave., bet. 9th and loth streets, has new on hand a fine stock of GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, fine DIAMOND and other rich JEWELBY, STANDARD SILVERWARE, SPECTACLES, RAZOES, SCISSORS, TABLE CUTLERY, POCKET KNIVES, SILVER PLATED GOODS, OPERA GLASSES, &c., &c., all at the very lowest prices. No. 335 Penn's avenue.

POLEY & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS. No. 384% and 384% Seventh st., bet. H and I sts. Wishes to call attention to the public that they ar now prepared to receive all descriptions of mer-changise on consignment or storage; also, to the fact that we give special attention to the sale of Personal and Beal Ketate. Parties deciling housekeeping will always find ready sale for their Furniture at our sale rooms.

D. S. Begular male days avery MONDAY. P. E.—Regular sale days every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY, at 10 A. M.; also, every Evening at 7 P. M.

Open every day for private sales.
Always on hand a large stock of Furniture of every description.

FOLKY & CO., Aucts., 1e 6-dtf

Beventh Street.

BUCK GLOVES. Genuine BUCKSKIN GLOVES,
Wholesale and retail, at RAMSBUEG & SON'S, 105
High street, Georgetown D. C.
LADIES' and GENT'S GAUNTLETS made to THEEBLED AND DELIGATE CONSTITUTE TIONS, of both series, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHE. It will give brick and energetic feedings, and enable you to sleep well, or H-DAWly

OMINITED STATE

GEORGETOWN.

Affairs in Georgetown. GEORGETOWN REPUBLICAN (OGLORNO) AScodiation. - An adjourned meeting of the corgetown Republican Association, comosed of color d persons, was baid last night in Ebenezer (colored) Church, on Benil street, At 8 o'clock, John F. Ferguson, colored, took the chair, and William Barker, colored, acted

After prayer from Rev. Gassaway Walter.

the Chairman are e and proceeded to redsein his promise to address them, made at the last meeting. He congratulated his hearers that be could now address them as fellow-citizens instead of brethren, the old Methodist appell . tion in vogue for so many years past. He then referred to the alleged heavy responsibility resting upon the colored voters at the municipal election in Georgetown next week, and exhorted his race to vote as one man for their friends. Although the colored people might pray for their enemies, yet when it comes to a vote the matter was entirely different. The Conservative party were always attempting to allure the colored man from the path of duty. and cause him to hold on a while longer; but the time had now arrived when their ocunsels should not be heeded. The Radical party was the crowd to enlist in, and as a unit such men should be supported, He thought that the anti-Radicals had never redeemed any of the piedges made the colored people; for thirty years he had trusted them, but they had decived him, and now he should do his best for the great Radical party. Mr. Ferguson continued at some ength, and concluded with an earnest appeal to his colored hearers to go to the polls next Monday and support the men for offices who were their friends.

Hon. Mr. Ela, of New Hampshire, was intry

duced to the meeting, and advocated the cause f Radicalism. He began by referring to the trictures made by the Georgetown Courier upon his speech made at the meeting of Thursday night, commenting upon the same at some ength. Universal suffrage should, he thought, e awarded to the colored man, and every other privilege of sitizenship should be con-ceded him. The Republican party had been accused of inconsistency in not advocating the right of Indians to citizenship as well as the negroes; but be would inform his opponents that the Indians were recognized as a distinct nationality, and the Government did not pretend to exercise any jurisdiction over them. Local matters, he said, were something which he should not pretend to interfere with; but he would, nevertheless, advise the colored people at the ensuing election to vote judiciously and put the best man among their own party in flice. He exhorted them to live uprightly, act honestly, be industrious, save their earnings. buy themselves houses, and thereby not only be happy in this world, but in the one to come. The speaker drew a contrast between the Republican and Democratic parties, in which the principles of the former were pictured in glowing colors, while the latter party embodied doctrines of the most despicable and destructive character. The Democratic party had been for years trampling upon the rights of the colored man, while the Radical party maintained their right to the same enoyment as other citizens. The history of parties generally was remarked upon, and the deduction drawn that all the evils which had been visited upon the country were attributable to the Democratic party. They had plotted treason, robbed the public treasury, burned down churches, massacred innocent citizens, organized the Knights of the Golden Circle for the purpose of aiding the rebellion, and committed every imquity which could be thought of; while the escutcheon of the Radical party was pure and unsullied. After occupying the floor for over an hour, he gave way for Dr. C. H. Cragin, the President of the Georgetown Councils, who briefly addressed

the meeting, congratulating his colored friends

in their status within the past four years. He

upon the great change wh

felt honored now to call the colored man a citizen, possessing equal privileges with himself. Four millions of human beings had been released from the bondage of slavery by the saint. ed Lincoln and made free and independent citizens. He referred to the coming election in Georgetown, and asserted that the opponents of the Radical party were then at work in an underhand manner to defeat them. They were even so ultra in their feelings and cunning, that because the market house was called the Union market house, an efforts would be made by the opposition to elect men pledged to abolish it; and moreover, the ticket which would be run would, he ventured the assertion, be composed altogether of men who were secession. ists and had aided the rebellion against the efforts of the Radicals, who were willing to die to the last man sooner than the iniquitous scheme should have succeeded. The Conservative ticket, he alleged, would be the butcher's ticket, and by this means they would endeavor to hoodwink some of the unwary Radicals and colored voters to their support. On the other hand, the Union ticket would be made up of the best citizens of Georgetownmen who were capable of administering the affairs of the community economically and indiciously, and were not ashamed to acknowledge the colored man as their brother and equal in every privilege of citizenship. As an evidence of the intense hatred of this so-called Conservative party towards the loyal men of Georgetown, they had even gone so far as to go to Washington to make their marketing sooner than patronize their own butcher's market at home, because it was built by Union men, and bore the name of the party which secured its erection. He called upon his colored friends to rally to a man and aid in the defeat of these men, and, in conclusion, arged the solored people to vote as a unit for the Radical party at the coming election for municipal officers on Monday next.

Hon. Mr. Mullins, of Tennessee, then took the stand. He started out with the remark that the gentleman who had preceded him had left nothing for him to say, and he only wanted about one minute to clear away a "little brush" that was before him. Here he drew from his pockets copies of the Georgetown Courier and Constitutional Union, wherein was contained the "brush" alluded to, in the shape of the reports of the meeting which was held at Market Hall on Thursday night last. Upon these proceedings he animadverted in terms of great severity for over an hour. The reporters of both these papers were dared to the stand to confront him, if they "desired such a skinning and lashing as that their hide would never be tit for use." That of the Courier was called, among other names, a "rebel scallawag;" while the expressions of "scoundrel" and "vagabond" were applied to the reporter of the Union. The speaker's remarks, outside of the criticisms upon the reports in the two papers alluded to, were principally in recapitulation of what he said at the Thursday night meeting, with the additional reference certain outrages at the South during the war, wherein, he asserted, the white men of both the Southern and Northern armies proved themselves utterly inferior to the colored man in all the essential principles which go to make up men of honor, decency, and military discipline. In conclusion, he urged upon the colored people of Georgetown the importance of arraying themselves in uncompromising hospity to all white persons who were not open advocates of the progress of Radical principles, and hoped, at the election to be held on Monday next for municipal offices, they would present such a solid phalanx as would awe the remnant cohorts of the Andy Johnson, rebel party into an abandonment of their inequitous principle and quiet submission to the pure principles of

republican liberty as advocated by the Radical At the close of Mr. Mullin's speech (1) o'clock) the meeting adjourned. FATAL ACCIDENT .- Edward Connolly, a resident of Fairfax county, Va., while going from Georgetown to his home, on Wednesday last, fell from his wagon, injuring himself so that he died the next day. The funeral took place yes-

terday, and the body was deposited in the vault at Oak Hill Cem-tery. FIGHTING .- R. M. McPherson was arrested JOS. S. WILSON, by officer Robey yesterday afternoon for disdaving his pugilistic abilities, and arraigned before Justice Buckey to answer for his con-

duct. He was fined \$2.50. SELLING WITHOUT LICENSE,-Geo. L. Sherwood was this morning arrested by officer Lambie for selling fresh meat without license, He came before Justice Buckey, and said he would rule the case before another magistrate, as on a previous occasion. The justice then told him to make an affidayit that he believed he would not do him justice, which Mr. Sher-

wood proceeded to do. THE ROPE FERRY .- A passage has been cut through the ice from the foot of High street to Analostan Island, and the rope ferry is again

in operation. ACCIDENT AT A FUNERAL .- Yesterday, at the funeral of Mrs. Louise Morris Eustis, the daughter of W. W. Corcoran, Mr. William A. Gordon, Chief Clerk in the Quartermaster's Department, and one of the pall-bearers for this occasion, slipped as the corpse was being taken into the chapel at the cometery, and fell heavily to the ground, dislocating one of his shoulders. He was taken to his residence, on Gay street, and a physician called in to attend

THE TICKET .- The nominating Convention of non-consolidation men met last evening, and placed in nomination a town ticket for mem-bers of the Boards of Aldermen and Common Council, to be voted for at the general election on Monday next. The ticket has not yet been made public, as it is not known whether all the nominees will consent to be candidates. It is generally understood that the nominees are in favor of the butchers' market, and opposed to consolidation, with the exception of Mr. Esau

FIREMEN's BALL.-The tiremen's ball, which took place at the New Market Hall last evening, was a success. A silver trumpet was awarded by the Henry Addison Company to the Union Company of Washington, they having sold the largest number of tickets for the ball, the proceeds of which is to go towards equiping the members of the Henry Addison Company.

THE ORIGINAL PRANC. Sele-im

GEORGETOWN ABVERTISEMENTS.

FAIR IN GEORGETOWN -The Ladies of Georgetown, representing all denomina-air of the Old Ladies Home. In addition to the pread attractions there is a New England Kitchen, an Art Galery, which is irresistant, come made and singing, with dancing as a final second averaging.

hing. BY THOMAS DOWLING, Auc'r , Georgetown APMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF HOUSEHOLD On WEDNESDAY MORNING, February 18. at On WEDNESDAY MORNING, February 19, at 10 o'clock, I will sell, in front of the auction store No. 174. Bridge street, Georgetown, a general assortment of Household Furniture, &c. WILLIAM KRENAN, Administrator, fe 15 THOMAS DOWLING, Auctioneer, LY THOMAS DOWLING, Auct.; Georgetown,

ALE OF VALUABLE UNIMPROVED REAL By virtue of a decree duty passed by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, in the case of Adams vs Adams et al., Equity Docket No. 5 cause 11:1, on the 12th day of February, 1838, the sub-cribber, as trustee, will sell, at Public Auction, on MON DAY, March 2d, 1868, at vo clock p. m. certain Real Estate in Georgetown, D. C. on Second street, near High, in said town, being a part of lot 12st in Beatty & Hawkins addition by said town, beginning at a point on Second street. ENEATE IN GEORGETOWN, D. said town, beginning at a point on Second street, oi-tant 96 65-12 feet from its intersection with Bigh street, and running thence west on Sc ond street 40 feet more or less, and extending back of that width 150 feet. Upon this real estate stand two Frame two-story I wellings. The real estate will be soid in two parcels; the eastern part trouting is feet 6); inches more or less, on Second street, and running back 150 feet with the dwelling and improvements thereon; the western part front-ing 3 feet 1% inch. more or less, on Second street, and running back 150 feet with the dwelling and Improvements thereon. Terms of sale: One-third cash; of which \$150 will be paid on each parcel at the fall of the hammer. Ralance in 6 and 12 months. All convey ancing and revenue stamps at cost of parchaser. Settlements within 6 days after sale, otherwise property will be

resold at purchaser's cost and risk,
CHAS, M. MATTHEWS, Trustee,
fe 15 td THOMAS DOWLING, Auct WM. H. WHEATLEY'S PREMIUM STEAM
DYEING AND CLEANSING
ESTABLISHMENT.
Office, No. 49 Jefferson st., Georgetown, D. C.
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Dyeing and Scouring of all kinds done in the best namer. Truly thankful for past avers, the subscriber

when it is closed at 8% p. m. BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

cits the continued custom of the community

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closes daily at sunset, except Saturday,

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE. That on the 18th day of February, A. D., 1858, a warrant in listh day of February. A. D., 1888, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of FREDERICK P. SAWYKR, of the City of Washington, of said Bistrict, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the perments of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any praperty by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the reditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of alsesdebts and choose one or more assigness of alsestate, will be held at a court of bankruptcy, to be holden at the City Hall, in the city of Washington, before J. Sayles Brown, Register, on the 27th day of March.

day of March, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock a m.
DAVID 8. GOODING,
U. S. Marshal of D. C., as Messenger.
February 18, 1868. [Chron.] DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA—

Is BANKRUPICY.

In the Matter of WILLIAM S. JONES.

Bankrupt Court of Washington. District of Columbia. 33:—A Warraut in Bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of WILLIAM S.

JONES, of the County of Washington and District of Columbia. in said District, has been duly addinged a bankrupt upon petition of his creditors.

judged a benkrupt upon petition of his creditors; and the payments of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the City Hall, Washington City, in said District, on the 28th day of February, A. D., 1888, at 10 clock a. m., at the office of J. Sayles Brown, Register in Bankruptcy of said District.

DAVID S. GOODING,
U. S. Marshal for said District. February 18, 1868. [Chron.]

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES. PROCLA MATION

For the Sale of Valuable Lands in the State of Kan-sas and within the Limits of the Orace Indian Cessions under Treaty of September 2908 1865, with the Great and Little Osage Indians. In pursuance of Law, I, ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and make known that public sales will be held at the under mentioned land effice in the State of Kansas, at the periods hereinafter designated, to wit: let. As to the Public Lands at the Land office at HUMBOLBT, KANSAS, commencing on FRIDAY, the first day of May next, for the disposal of the lands situated within the following designated townships and parts of townships lying within the

limits of the cossion under the sea: article of the aforesaid treaty, viz: South of the base line and east of the wirth principal Fractional townships 26, 2, 28, 29, 31, 31, 32, 33, 34, and 35 of range 17. Fractional townships 26, townships 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, and 34, and fractional township 35 of Fractional townships 25, townships 27, 28, 29, 30 33. and 34. fractional townships 35 of range 19

Fractional township 26, townships 27, 28, 29, 30, 1, 32, 13, 34, and fractional township 35, of range Fractional townships 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 5. of range 21. 2d. For the sale of the following described trus lands at the same place, commencing on SATUR DAY, the little day of May sext, for the disposal of certain trust lands, situated within the following townships and part of townships lying within the limits of the cession in trust, under the Second article of the aforementioned treaty.

South of the base line and east of the 6th principal

Fractional townships 26, 27, 28, 29, of rangel. Fractional township 26, townships 27, 28, and 29, and fractional township 30, of range 2.

Fractional township 26, townships 27, 28 and 29, and fractional township 30, of range 3. Fractional township 26 townships, 27, 28 and 29, and fractional township 30, of range 4. Fractional township 26, townships 27, 28, 29, and fractional township 30, of range 5 Fractional township 26, townships 27, 28, 29, and fractional township 30, of range 6.
Fractional township 26, townships 27, 28, 29, and fractional township 20, of range 7.
Fractional township 26, townships 27, 28, 29, and fractional township 30, of range 8. Fractional township 26, townships 27, 28, 29, and fractional township 30, of range 9. Fractional township 26, townships 27, 28, 29, and Fractional township 30, of range 10
Fractional township 26, townships 27, 28, 29, and
fractional township 30, of range 11.
Fractional township 26, townships 27, 28, 29, and fractional township 30, of range 12.
Fractional township 26, townships 27, 28, 29, and fractional township 30, of range 13. Fractional township 26, townships 27, 28, 29, and fractional township 30, of range 14.
Fractional town hip 26, townships 27, 28, 29, and fractional township 30, of range 15. Fractional township 26, townships 27, 28, 29, and fractional township 30, of range 16.

The following designated townships being south of the base line and wast of the sixth principal me-Fractional townships 26 and 27, of range 1 The offering of the lands above referred to will be commenced at the dates respectively as above indicated, and will proceed in the order in which they are advertised until the whole shall have been offered and the sale thus closed; but the sale shall not be kept open longer then two weeks for either the publiclands or trust lands, and no private en-try of any of the lands will be admitted until after the expiration of the two weeks, nor will tracts be oftered which may be withdrawn before the day of sale by the Department on account of railroacs or for other purposes. Given under my hand at the City of Washington

Fractional townships 26, 27, 28, 29 and 30, of

this twentieth day of January, Anno Domini one theusand eight hundred and sixty-eight. By the President: ANDREW JOHNSON. Commissioner of the General Land Office. Nory .- Under the regulations of the Department as here to ore and now existing, no payment can be made for advertising pre-lamations except to such publishers as are specifically authorized by the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

ja 24 law13w DIANO STOOLS. Piane Stools of all descriptions and all prices at

the Warerooms of
W. G. METZEBOTT & CO.,
Sole Agents of Steinway's Pianos and
19-tf Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WASHINGTON, February 4, 1868.

On the petition of WILLIAM BAKER, of Utica, N. Y., praying for the extension of a patent granted to him the 16th day of May, 1864, and reissued the 22d day of, September, 1863, for an improvement in Clap Board Joints, for seven years from the expiration of said patent, which takes

and reissued the 22d day of September, 18:3, for an improvement in Clap Board Joints, for seven years from the expiration of said patent, which takes place on the 18th day of May 1868.

It is ordered that the said petition be heard at the Patent Office on Monday, the 2th day of April heat, at 12 e clock M.; and all persons are notified to appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition ought not to be granted.

Persons opposing the extension are required to file in the Patent Office their objections, specially set forth in writing, at least tecany days before the day of hearing; all testimony filed by either party to be used at the said hearing must be taken and transmitted in accordance with the rules of the office, which will be furnished on application.

Depositions and other papers relied upon as testimony must be filed in the office twenty days before the day of hearing; the arguments, if any, within ten days after tiling the estimony.

Ordered, also, that this notice be published in the Republican end the Intelligencer, Washington, D. C., and in the Herald, Utica, New York, once a week for three successive weeks; the first of said publications to be at least sixty days previous to the day of hearing.

A. M. STOUT, fell-wiw Acting Commissioner of Patents.

176 F. W. BRANDENBURG. Particular notice is given to my fellow-citizens and all dealers in Carpets and housekeepers general y, that I have established myself in the business of manufacturing the best INGRAIN, LIST and COMMON or COSTUMAR CARPETS. Dealers in Carpets and housekeepers will find it to their advantage to call. I promise to make the best quality and charge the lowest prices.

J. W. BRANDENBURG.